

# DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL JAMMU

July, 2021

## Assignment II

Class XI

Sub:PHYSICS

### Topic: Kinematics

**Based on your understanding of the e-lectures-cum-PPTs, video links and other e-resources shared with you, answer the following questions.**

- Q1. What is the nature of position-time graph for uniform motion and what does the slope of position-time graph indicates? (1mk)
- Q2. A ball is thrown vertically upwards. Draw its velocity-time curve. (1mk)
- Q3. The v-t graphs of two objects making an angle of  $30^\circ$  and  $60^\circ$  with the time axis. Find the ratio of their accelerations. (1mk)
- Q4. Define uniform velocity, variable velocity, average velocity and instantaneous velocity. (2 mks)
- Q5. A ball is dropped from the top of a tower of height h. It covers a distance  $h/2$  in the last second of its motion. How long does the ball remain in air? (2 mks)
- Q6. A car moving with a speed of  $50 \text{ kmh}^{-1}$  can be stopped by brakes after at least 6m. what will be the minimum stopping distance, if the same is moving at a speed of  $100 \text{ kmh}^{-1}$ ? (3 mks)
- Q7. Give the position-time (x-t) graph of
- (a) Positive acceleration
  - (b) Negative acceleration
  - (c) Zero acceleration
- (3 mks)
- Q8. (a) Derive the three kinematic equations for uniformly accelerated motion graphically.
- (b) If a body loses half of its velocity on penetrating 3 cm in a wooden block, then how much will it penetrate more before coming to rest? (3 mks)
- Q9. (a) A body starts from rest and moves with constant acceleration. Find the ratio of the

distance covered in the  $n^{\text{th}}$  second to the distance covered in  $n$  seconds.

Prove that the distance travelled by a body in  $n^{\text{th}}$  second of its motion is  
Derive the three kinematic equations for uniformly accelerated motion graphically.

(b) If a body loses half of its velocity on penetrating 3 cm in a wooden block, then  
how much will it penetrate more before coming to rest? (3 mks)

Q10. A body starts from rest and moves with constant acceleration. Find the ratio of the distance covered in the  $n^{\text{th}}$  second to the distance covered in  $n$  seconds.

(a) Prove that the distance travelled by a body in  $n^{\text{th}}$  second of its motion is  
 $S_{n^{\text{th}}} = u + a/2(2n-1)$ . (3 mks)

#### YOU TUBE LINKS:

1. <https://www.vedantu.com>
2. <https://www.learncbse.in/electric-charges-fields-cbse-notes-class-12-physics/>
3. <https://www.learncbse.in/electrostatic-potential-capacitance-cbse-notes-class-12-physics/>

2. Send your assignment on the email ID of your respective subject teachers

Section XI A Sub Teacher: Mr. Mandeep Singh (email ID : [mandy.7104@gmail.com](mailto:mandy.7104@gmail.com))

Section XI B Sub Teacher: Ms Jyoti Pallalia (email ID : [jyotijamwal50@gmail.com](mailto:jyotijamwal50@gmail.com))

Section XI C Sub Teacher: Mr. Parshant Verma (email ID: [prashant.dpsjmu@gmail.com](mailto:prashant.dpsjmu@gmail.com))

Section XI D Sub Teacher: Ms Manika Verma (email ID : [manikavermaWORK@gmail.com](mailto:manikavermaWORK@gmail.com))

3. Students must mention their name, class/section and date in their assignments.

4. Your assignment will be marked for internal/term assessments. Therefore you are required to submit it.