

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, JAMMU
ASSIGNMENT FOR FINAL EXAMINATION(2018-19)

SUBJECT-GEOGRAPHY

CLASS-11TH

- Q1.Name the scholar of ancient times who first used the term ‘Geography’.
- Q2. What is Gutenberg discontinuity?
- Q3. What do you understand by Gondwanaland?
- Q4. Where is ring of fire?
- Q5.Name the agents of erosion.
- Q6. Define drought according to Meteorological department of India.
- Q7. Where in India will you find a cold desert? Name two important ranges of this region.
- Q8.Between which latitudes the trade winds blow?
- Q9.How does the ‘parent material’ affect the process of soil formation?
- Q10.What is a climatic region?
- Q11.Explain how Geography is associated with Social Sciences.
- Q12. What is weathering? Explain different types of weathering (both mechanical and chemical).
- Q13. Describe the evidences which support the continental drift theory. (Any three Points)
- Q14.Explain the evolution of Stalactites and Stalagmite.
- Q15.What is salinity of sea water? What factors affect the Salinity of sea water?
- Q16. What is an ecological system? Identify the major types of ecosystems in the world.
- Q17.Describe the importance of India in the Eastern world.
- Q18.Explain three types of waves generated by wind.
- Q19.How are tides caused. Explain their importance.
- Q20.What is Insolation? Which factor influence the distribution of insolation over the earth?

Q21. Make a comparison of the Northern Mountains and the Northern plains of India in detail.

Q22. Explain Koeppen's scheme of classification of climate in detail.

Q23. What do you mean by Drought? What are its effects and how can we cope up with Drought?

Q24. Do you agree that 'the use of renewable resources will lead to increase in organic farming world over' support your answer with suitable example?

Q25. Make a comparison of the eastern coastal plain and the Western coastal plain of India in detail.

Q26. In the given outline map of India locate and label the following with appropriate symbols:

- (a) Southern most point of the Indian main land.
- (b) A vegetation belt of Thorn Forest.
- (c) The oldest mountain range of India.
- (d) Red soil region.
- (e) Sunderbans Biosphere Reserve.