# DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, JAMMU <br> Assignment for Annual Examination <br> SESSION (2018-19) 

Class 11 ${ }^{\text {th }}$

## Sub-Physics

## Section A

Q1 What are the characteristics of S.I. Unit?
Q2 How dimensional formula differ from dimensional equation.
Q3 Write any two applications of dimensional formula.
Q4 What is the difference between precision and accuracy?
Q5 If the velocity of light ' $c$ ', plank's constant ' $h$ ' and gravitational constant ' $G$ ' are taken as fundamental quantities then express mass, length and time in terms of these quantities.
Q6 The percentage error in the measurement of $a, b, c \& d$ is $1 \%, 2 \%, 3 \%$ and $4 \%$ resp. Find the percentage error in quantity $X$ if it is represented by relation $\frac{a^{2} b^{3} c^{5 / 2}}{d^{2}}$
Q7 Convert 62.5 joules into ergs.
Q8 What is the difference between axial vector and polar vector?
Q9 Using analytical method, find the resultant of two vectors acting on a point by parallelogram law of vector addition.
Q10 man run across the rooftop of a tall building and jump horizontally with the group of landing on the roof of the next building which is also low height then the first. His speed is 9 M per second the horizontal distance between two buildings is 10 M and the height difference is 9 M will he be able to land on the next building?
Q11 A driver takes 0.20 second to apply the break after he sees a need for it. This is called the reaction time of the driver. If he is driving car at a speed of 54 km per hour and the break or that the acceleration of $6.0 \mathrm{M} / \mathrm{s} 2$ find the distance travelled by car after he sees the need to put the break?
Q12 to a person movie list with a velocity of 4.8 km per hour rain afraid to fall vertically downward with a speed of 6.4 km per hour. Find the actual speed and direction of rain.
Q13 Explain law of conservation of momentum and any of its three application.
Q14 Why it is necessary to bend knees after jumping from Greater height?
Q15 Obtain an expression for angle of repose and angle of friction. What is the relation between them.
Q16 obtain an expression for the banking of road and velocity of the vehicle moving on it without skidding.
Q17 What is the cause of friction? Explain its types. When an automobile moving with a speed of 36 km per hour it is an upward inclined road of angle $30^{\circ}$ if engine is switched off.is the question of fiction involved is 0.1 how much distance will the automobiles before coming to rest. Take G equal to $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} 2$.
Q18 Define impulse. Explain any of its two applications.
Q19 Define work. explain positive work negative work and zero work.
Q20 What is Energy. Write its SI unit dimensions. Obtain an expression for work energy theorem.
Q21 What do you mean by collision? What is the difference between elastic and plastic collision.
Q22 Obtain an expression for elastic collision.
Q23 Define power. What are the SI unit.
Q24 obtain an expression for the centre of mass of a body constituted of N particles.
Q25 Show that centre of mass follow law of conservation of momentum.
Q26 Define parallel axis theorem and perpendicular axis theorem.
Q27 Define torque and angular momentum. Find the relation between them.

Q28 Define moment of inertia and obtain its expression.
Q29 2 ball of mass $M$ each are placed at the vertices of an equilateral triangle. Another ball of mass 2 m is placed at the third vertex of the triangle. Locate the center of mass of system.
Q30 Define Newton's law of gravitation and obtain its expression between the two bodies of mass M1 M2 separated by distance r.
Q31 Obtain an expression for the creation of gravity due to depth and height.
Q32 Explain the principle of satellite. Obtain an expression for the height of the satellite.
Q33 Define geosynchronous satellite.
Q34 The escape velocity on Earth is 11.2 km per second. What will be its value on a planet having double the radius and eight time from mass of the earth.
Q35 Define Kepler's law of planetary motion.
Q36 how much below the surface of earth the acceleration due to gravity become $1 \%$ of its value at the Earth surface. Radius of earth is 6400 km .
Q37 Define hooke's law.
Q38 What is elastic fatigue and Elastic after effect. Explain them.
Q39 Define different type of Strains.
Q40 What do you mean by pressure? Give it applications.
Q41 Define viscosity and obtain its expression.
Q42 What do you mean by surface tension? How upper surface of liquid act as a stretched membrane.
Q43 Obtain an expression for Ascent height formula.
Q44 Obtain an expression for Stokes law and terminal velocity.
Q45 What is latent heat.
Q46 Explain Newton's law of cooling.
Q47 Give application of thermal conductivity.
Q48 Explain thermodynamics first law give its four applications.
Q49 Explain the construction working of heat engine.
Q50 Why the efficiency of heat engine cannot be unity.
Q51 Define pv indicator diagram.
Q52 Obtain an expression for the pressure exerted by a gas.
Q53 Define mean free path.
Q54 Explain law of equipartition of energy.
Q55 Explain the relation between simple harmonic motion and uniform circular motion.
Q56 Explain simple harmonic motion.obtain an expression for its time period.
Q57 Show that motion of a stretched string is a simple harmonic motion.
Q58 What are the characteristic of waves.
Q59 Explain refraction from the boundary.
Q60 Differentiate between progressive wave and stationary waves.
Q61 Using analytical method find the expression for stationary waves.
Q62 Explain Doppler Effect. ok nice expression when the listener and source are at rest and are in relative motion.
Q63 Two lead spheres of 20 cm and 2 cm diameter resp. are placed with centers 100 cm apart. Calculate the attraction between them, given the radius of earth as $6.37 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~cm}$ and its mean density as $5.53 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~m}^{-3}$. Specific gravity of lead $=11.5$.
Q64 A wire of length 5 m has a percentage strain of $0.032 \%$ under a tensile force. Determine the extension in the wire.
Q65 Obtain an expression for mirror formula. Also define is linear magnification.
Q66 open an expression for Apparent depth for an object placed in the denser medium when viewed from the rarer medium.
Q67 Explain principle construction and working of Optical Fibre.

Q68 What is Dispersion. What is the cause of dispersion when the light split into seven of constituent colour passing through the prism.
Q69 Explain construction and working of compound microscope.
Q70 What is the minimum energy required to launch a satellite of mass ' m ' kg from the earth's surface of radius R in a circular orbit at an altitude of 2 R ?
Q71 A load of 50 kgf produces an extension of 2 mm in a wire of 3 m long and 2 mm diameter. Calculate Young's modulus of elasticity
Q72 A circular plate of uniform thickness has a diameter of 56 cm . A circular portion of diameter 42 cm is removed from one edge of the plate. Find the Center of Mass of the remaining portion.
Q73 A hydraulic lift is designed to lift cars with a maximum mass of $4 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~kg}$. The area of crosssection of the piston carrying the load is $5 \times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~m}^{2}$. How much pressure the small piston will bear?
Q74 To lift an automobile of 2000 kg , a hydraulic pump with a large piston $900 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ in area is employed. Calculate the force that must be applied to pump a small piston of area $10 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ to accomplish this.

