

**DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL JAMMU**  
**ASSIGNMENT- (2019-20)**

**CLASS – XI**

**SUB:-POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**MM: - 50**  
**TIME :- 2 Hrs**

**General Instructions**

- All questions are compulsory
- Q1 to 9 carry 1 mark word limit should not exceed from 20 words.
- Q10 to 12 carry 2 marks word limit should not exceed from 40 words
- Q13 and 14 carry 4 marks word limit should not exceed from 150 words
- Q15 is cartoon based and carry 5 marks word limit should not exceed from 100 words
- Q16 is passage based and carry 5 marks word limit should not exceed from 100 words
- Q17 is map based and carry 5 marks
- Q18 and 19 carry 6 marks word limit should not exceed from 150 words

**SECTION-A**

- Q1 What are claims?
- Q2 What is writ of quo-warranto?
- Q3 What are directive principles?
- Q4 What is political theory?
- Q5 Define politics .
- Q6 What is contemporary political theory?
- Q7 What is rule of law?
- Q8 What is positive liberty?
- Q9 What is freedom of choice?

**SECTION- B**

- Q10 What is Constitution?
- Q11 Why do we need Constitution ?
- Q12 What is right against exploitation?

**SECTION- C**

- Q13 Why do we need political theory? Give four reasons.

Q14 What is meant by freedom? What are the conditions essential for preservation of freedom?

### SECTION- D

Q15 Read the cartoon given below and answer the following questions:



Q.A. What does the Cartoon represent?

Q.B., The Chief Minister is not happy after winning the confidence motion! Can you imagine why this is so?

Q.C. What message does the cartoon convey?

Q.16 Read the passage given below carefully and answer the questions that follow:

While reflecting on the issues of equality, a distinction must also be made between treating everyone in an identical manner and treating everyone as equals. The latter may be occasions need differential treatment but in all such cases the primary consideration is to promote equality. Differential or special treatment may be considered to realise the goal of equality but it requires justification and careful reflection. Since differential treatment for different communities was part and parcel of the caste system and practices like apartheid, liberals are usually very wary of deviations from the norm of identical treatment.

Q.A What distinction should be made while reflecting on the issues of equality?

Q.B. What would be the prime consideration to treat everyone equal?

Q.C. What does special treatment require?

Q.21 On the outline of the political map of India mark the States having bicameral legislature.

### **SECTION- E**

Q18 What is politics? Distinguish between modern and traditional concept of politics.

OR

Politics is the study of power.”Explain with the help of examples

Q19 What is right to equality? Explain the Bill of Rights in the Indian Constitution.

OR

Distinguish between Directive Principles and Fundamental Rights. How are they interrelated.