

REVISION ASSIGNMENT NO.3
CHAPTER- 4 PRIMARY ACTIVITIES

1. Which of the following activity was associated with earliest human beings?

- a. Pastoralism b. agriculture c. Hunting and gathering d. Mining

2. Consider the following characteristics and choose suitable title for them from the given Options;

I. Practiced in regions with harsh climatic conditions, often involves primitive societies.

II. Requires a small amount of capital investment

III. Operates at very low level of technology

- a. Gathering b. Hunting c. Pastoralism d. Nomadic herding

3. Which of the following factor is most important for the movement of nomadic herders from one place to another ?

- a. Climatic conditions b. Technological level c. Amount of money d. Quality of pastures and water

4. Make correct pairs from the given columns choose correct options

AREA OF NOMADIC HERDING

1. Tropical Africa
2. Sahara and Asiatic desert
3. Mountainous areas of Tibet and Andes
4. Arctic and sub-Arctic areas

ANIMALS KEPT

- (i) Yak and Llamas
- (ii) Reindeer
- (iii) Sheep and goats
- (iv) Cattle

Options-

- a. 1. (iv), 2. (iii), 3. (i), 4. (ii) b. 1. (ii), 2. (iv), 3. (iii), 4. (i)
c. 1. (i), 2. (ii), 3. (iii), 4. (iv) d. 1. (iii), 2. (i), 3. (iv), 4. (ii)

5. Commercial livestock rearing is not associated with which of the following countries?

- a. Central China b. New Zealand c. Australia d. Argentina

6. Intensive subsistence agriculture is characterized by which of the following factors?

- a. Land holdings are very small due to high density of population.
b. The yield per unit area is high but per labour productivity is low
c. Single crop specialization
d. Only (a) and (b) are correct

7. Fodder crop is an important component of which of the following farming?

- a. Mediterranean Farming b. Mixed Farming
c. Extensive commercial grain farming d. Dairy Farming

8. Match the following pairs and choose the correct options from the given options-

TYPES OF AGRICULTURE	CHARACTERISTICS
1. Dairy farming	(i) Equal emphasis laid on crop cultivation and animal husbandry
2. Mixed farming	(ii) Highly capital intensive
3. Mediterranean farming	(iii) Farmers pool their resources voluntarily for more efficient and profitable farming
4. Cooperative farming	(iv) Specialized in grape cultivation or viticulture

Options;

- a. 1. (ii), 2. (i) , 3. (iv) , 4. (iii) b. 1. (i), 2. (ii), 3. (iii) , 4. (iv)
c. 1. (ii), 2. (i) , 3. (iv) , 4. (ii) d. 1. (iv), 2. (ii) , 3. (i) , 4. (iii)

9. 'Single crop specialization' is the characteristics of which of the following type of agriculture?

- a. Plantation agriculture b. Mediterranean agriculture
c. Intensive subsistence agriculture d. None of the above

Answer the following questions as given two statements, marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R).
Mark your answer as per the codes provided below:

Options;

- a. Only A is correct
- b. Both A and R are correct
- c. Only R is correct
- d. Both are incorrect

10. **Assertion (A)-** Mining is included in Primary activities.

Reason (R)- Primary activities utilizes earth's resource such as land, water, vegetation, building material and minerals etc. means the products of primary activities, we get from nature.

11. **Assertion (A)-** People or animal go from one place to another place is called Migration.

Reason (R)- The process of migration from plain areas to pastures on mountain during summers and again from mountain pastures to plain areas during winters is known as Transhumance.

12. **Assertion (A)-** Subsistence agriculture is done for consumption purpose

Reason (R)- Shifting cultivation or Slash and burn agriculture is not same

13. **Assertion (A)-** The yield per unit area is high but per labour productivity is low in Intensive Subsistence agriculture.

Reason (R)- It is because of the produce has to be divided among people, there is high density of population as well.

14. **Assertion (A)-** In plantation agriculture occurs in smaller plots

Reason (R)- In plantation agriculture skilled and cheap labour is required.

15. **Assertion (A)-** Extensive Commercial grain cultivation is practiced in the interior parts of semi-arid lands of the mid-latitudes.

Reason (R)- It is practised in Steppes, Prairies, Velds and Pampas

16. **Assertion (A)-** Netherlands specialises in growing flowers, especially Tulips.

Reason (R)- Viticulture is speciality of Commercial Grain Farming

17. **Assertion (A)-** Kolkhoz was introduced by a group of farmers in Denmark

Reason (R)- Government fixes target to the crop and purchase it on pre-defined price in Collective farming
(17x1=17)

18. "There is low yield per acre but high yield per person." In which type of agriculture is this evident? Why? Where is this type of agriculture practised?
(3)

19. (a) In modern times some gathering is market-oriented and has become commercial. Explain.

(b) Describe the factors that affect mining activities. (5)

20. (a) What do you mean by Kolkhoz? How did it begin? Explain its features.

(b) Describe the main features of extensive commercial grain cultivation. (5)

21. Identify the areas on the political map of the world where

(A) commercial livestock rearing are practised.

(B) nomadic herding are practiced

(C) subsistence gathering are practised.

(D) commercial grain farming are practiced

(E) mixed farming are practised.

(5)