

DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, JAMMU

SESSION 2019-20

QUESTION BANK

CLASS:-VI

SUBJECT :-HIS/CIVICS

CH-7 RISE OF NEW IDEAS AND RELIGION (HIS)

CH-8 THE FIRST EMPIRE AND ASHOKA (HIS)

CH-5 PANCHAYATI RAJ (CIV)

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

1) Q 1 to Q 20 carry 1 mark each

2) Q 21 to Q 26 carry 3 marks each

3) Q 27 to Q 30 carry 5 marks each

Q1 Write any two noble truths.

Q2 Where did Gautama Buddha give his first sermon?

Q3 When did Chandragupta give up his throne?

Q4 Who wrote the book "Arthashastra"?

Q5 Who was the head of the Mauryan army?

Q6 Chandragupta was succeeded by his son _____ .

Q7 The script of most of the edicts is Brahmi and it is written in _____.

Q8 _____ is the rule book of Buddhist sangha, and tells us about it in detail.

Q9 Mahavira was born at _____(near Vaishali), in Bihar.

Q10 Match the following:

a) Arthashastra

i) Remarkable

b) Mauryan Army

ii) Triratna

c) Mahavira's Philosophy

iii) Stages of Life

d) Ashramas

iv) Kautilya

Q11 Who elects the Pramukh and Up-pramukh of the Block Samiti?

Q12 Who is a BDO?

Q13 What is the main source of income at district level?

Q14 What is a Gram Sabha?

Q15 What does a Village Panchayat comprise of ?

Q16 At the Block level, The Panchayati Raj institution is known as _____.

Q17 The Panchayati Raj institutions were granted legal status through ____.

Q18 'Panch' means a group of _____ people.

Q19 The Block Samiti acts as a link between the _____ and _____.

Q20 Match the following:

- | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| a) Janpad Panchayat | i) appointed own officials |
| b) Zila Parishad | ii) elect their own Panch. |
| c) Panchayat Wards | iii) at Block level. |
| d) British Government | iv) is the apex body. |

Q21 Read the Passage and answer the following questions:

According to Indika(written by Megasthenes), the capital city of Pataliputra was large, beautiful and impressive. It was surrounded by a wooden wall which had 64 gates and 570 towers. There was also a moat around the city for safeguarding it from enemy attacks. Houses were made of bricks and wood while the palaces were made of stones. A committee of 30 members looked after the administration of the city. This committee was further divided into six boards, each consisting of five members.

- a) Why and where was the moat built?
b) Who looked after the administration of Pataliputra?

c) Fill ups

- It was surrounded by a wooden wall which had _____.
- Indika was written by _____.

Q22 What was the function of the dhamma mahamattas?

Q23 What is a Sangha?

Q24 Read the Passage and answer the following questions:

The word 'panchayat' comes from the word 'Panch', which literally means 'a group of five people'. Panchayati Raj is an ancient concept which provides a system of local self governance. It is deep-rooted in the society and the custom of rural India. Since very early times, it has been responsible for resolving problems related to water, sanitation, irrigation and even settling disputes between people.

- a) What is the meaning of the word 'Panchayat'?
b) What is 'Panchayati Raj'?
c) What is 'Panchayati Raj' responsible for?

Q25 Why did the Panchayats become unpopular during the British rule?

Q26 Give reasons that show the importance of 73rd Amendment Act 1992.

Q27 What are the different stages of Ashramas?

Q28 Discuss the revenue system of the Mauryan administration.

Q29 Describe the role of the state government in 'Panchayati Raj'.

Q30 What is a Zila Parishad? Write about its functions.