## DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL, JAMMU SESSION (2018-2019) ASSIGNMENT SHEET-I (JULY)

## **CHAPTER - SOME NATURAL PHENOMENA**

Class: VIII Subject: Science

Very Short Answer type questions
1. Name the device to detect electric charge on a body.
Ans
2. Name the instrument used to measure and record an earthquake.
Ans
3. Name the material of which a lightning conductor is made.
Ans
4. Define the epicentre of an earth quake.
Ans
5. What is the application of earthing?
Ans
6. What are seismic or fault zones?
Ans
7. Who discovered the static electricity or lightning in clouds?
Ans
8. What happens when two charges are brought closer to each other?
Ans
9. Name some natural phenomena which can be predicted to some extent.  Ans
10. A glass rod is rubbed with a silk cloth. What type of charge is acquired by a) silk cloth b) glass rod.

Ans.

## **Multiple Choice Questions**

## Tick the right answer

1. Which of the following cannot be charged by friction, if held by hand?		
a) a plastic scale	b)a copper rod	
c) an inflated balloon	d) a woolen cloth	
2. Which of the following are transferred from one object to another when these two objects		
are charged by friction?	1) Durate un	
a) Atoms	b) Protons	
c) Neutrons	d) Electrons	
3. The magnitude of an earthquake is measured on		
a) Celcius scale	b) Kelvin scale	
c) Decibel scale	d) Richter scale	
4. Which of the following area of India is not the most threatened by earthquakes?		
a) North-east	b) Kashmir	
c) West-Bengal	d) Rajasthan	
5. Lightning can even burn up a tree, lightning contains a tremendous amount of		
a) Heat energy	b) Electrical energy	
c) Chemical energy	d) Nuclear energy	
<u> </u>	a) Nuclear energy	
6. Tsunami means		
a)Earthquake	b)Floods	
c) Earthquake under the sea	d) Eruptions of volcano in the sea	
7. Which of the following occurs during lightning?		
a) Acid rain	b) Nitrogen fixation	
c) Green house effect	d)Earthing	
8. Which is not a natural phenomenon		
a) Earthquakes	b) lightning	
c) Cyclones	d) Earthing	
e, Earling		
9. When two bodies are rubbed against each other, they acquire		
a) equal and like charges	b) equal and unlike charges	
c) unequal and like charges	d) unequal and unlike charges	
10. How many types of charges are gained by rubbing objects?		
a) Two	b) One	
c) Three	d) Four	